

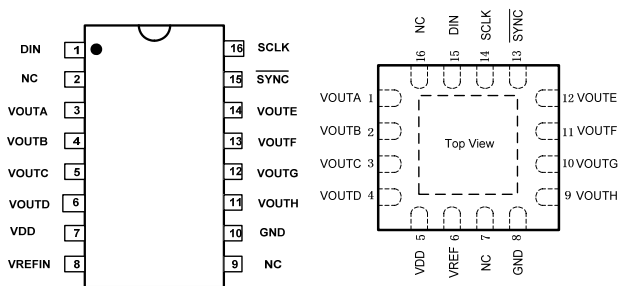
Features

- Octal, 16-/12-Bit Pin Compatible DACs
 TPC116S8U: 16bit
 TPC112S8U: 12bit
- Low Power Consumption (1.6 mA typ)
- Differential Nonlinearity: $\pm 1\text{LSB}(\text{max})$
- Glitch Energy: 2nV-s
- Power-On Reset to Zero
- Supply Range: 2.7V to 5.5V
- Buffered Rail-to-Rail Output Operation
- Safe Power-On Reset (POR) to Zero DAC Output
- Fast 30MHz, 3-Wire, SPI/QSPI/MICROWIRE-Compatible Serial Interface
- Schmitt-Trigger Inputs for Direct Optocoupler Interface
- SYNC Interrupt Facility
- Available in QFN16 and TSSOP-16 Package

Applications

- Gain and Offset Adjustment
- Process Control and Servo Loops
- Programmable voltage and current sources
- Programmable attenuators
- Automatic Test Equipment

Package Information (Top View)



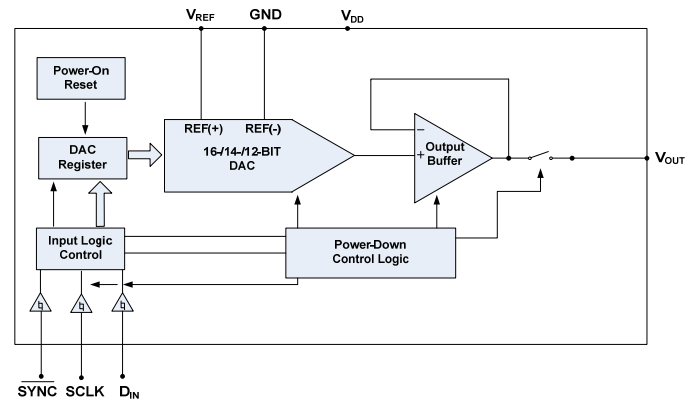
The TPC116S8U/TPC112S8U are pin compatible 16-bit and 12-bit digital-to-analog converter, these series product are four channels, low power, buffered voltage-out DACs and are guaranteed monotonic by design. The devices use a precision external reference applied through the high resistance input for rail-to-rail operation and low system power consumption.

The TPC116S8U/ TPC112S8U accepts a wide 2.7V to 5.5V supply voltage range. The parts incorporate a power-on reset circuit to ensure that the DAC output powers up to 0 V and remains there until a valid write takes place.

The TPC116S8U/ TPC112S8U on-chip precision output amplifier allows rail-to-rail output swing to be achieved. For remote sensing applications, the output amplifier's inverting input is available to the user. The TPC116S8U/ TPC112S8U use a versatile 3-wire serial interface that operates at clock rates up to 30 MHz and is compatible with standard SPI®, QSPI™, MICROWIRE™, and DSP interface standards.

The TPC116S8U/ TPC112S8U are available in a small size 16-pin TSSOP package, all package are specified over the -40°C to +125°C extended industrial temperature range.

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Block diagram of one DAC

Description

Order Information

Model Name	Order Number	Package	Transport Media, Quantity	Marking Information
TPC112S8U	TPC112S8U-TR	16-Pin TSSOP	Tape and Reel, 3,000	112S8U

TPC116S8U/ TPC112S8U

Octal 16-/12-Bit, Low Power, High Performance DACs

TPC112S8U	TPC112S8U-QR	16-Pin QFN	Tape and Reel, 3,000	112S8U
TPC116S8U	TPC116S8U-TR	16-Pin TSSOP	Tape and Reel, 3,000	116S8U
TPC116S8U	TPC116S8U-QR	16-Pin QFN	Tape and Reel, 3,000	116S8U

Absolute Maximum Ratings Note 1

Supply Voltage: $V^+ - V^-$ <small>Note 2</small>7.0V	Operating Temperature Range.....-40°C to 125°C
Input Voltage..... $V^- - 0.3$ to $V^+ + 0.3$	Maximum Junction Temperature..... 150°C
Input Current: +IN, -IN <small>Note 3</small> ± 20 mA	Storage Temperature Range..... -65°C to 150°C
Output Short-Circuit Duration <small>Note 4</small> Indefinite	Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10 sec) 260°C

Note 1: Stresses beyond those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. Exposure to any Absolute Maximum Rating condition for extended periods may affect device reliability and lifetime.

Note 2: The supplies must be established simultaneously, with, or before, the application of any input signals.

Note 3: The inputs are protected by ESD protection diodes to each power supply. If the input extends more than 500mV beyond the power supply, the input current should be limited to less than 10mA.

Note 4: A heat sink may be required to keep the junction temperature below the absolute maximum. This depends on the power supply voltage and how many amplifiers are shorted. Thermal resistance varies with the amount of PC board metal connected to the package. The specified values are for short traces connected to the leads.

ESD, Electrostatic Discharge Protection

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Minimum Level	Unit
HBM	Human Body Model ESD	ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001	8	kV
CDM	Charged Device Model ESD	ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-002	2	kV

Thermal Resistance

Package Type	θ_{JA}	θ_{JC}	Unit
16-Pin TSSOP	180	35	°C/W

Octal 16-/12-Bit, Low Power, High Performance DACs

Electrical Characteristics

(V_{DD} = 5V, V_{REF} = 5V, C_L = 100pF, R_L = 10kΩ, T_A = -40°C to +105°C, unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at T_A = +25°C.)

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
STATIC ACCURACY (Note 5)						
N	Resolution	TPC112S8U	12			Bits
		TPC116S8U	16			
INL	Integral Nonlinearity	TPC112S8U (12-bit) (Note 6)	-1	±0.25	1	LSB
		TPC116S8U (16-bit) (Note 6)	-16	±8	16	
DNL	Differential Nonlinearity	TPC112S8U (12-bit) (Note 6)	-1	±0.05	1	LSB
		TPC116S8U (16-bit) (Note 6)	-1	±0.5	1	
OE	Zero Offset Error			6.5	30	mV
	Full-Scale Offset Error		-30	0	30	mV
	Offset-Error Drift			±1		µV/°C
GE	Gain Error		-0.3	±0.13	0.3	%FS
	Gain Temperature Coefficient			±2		ppmFS/°C
REFERENCE INPUT						
V _{REF}	Reference-Input Voltage Range		0.5		V _{DD}	V
R _{REF}	Reference-Input Impedance			333		kΩ
DAC OUTPUT						
	Output Voltage Range	No load (typical)			V _{REF}	V
		10 kΩ load	0.2		V _{REF} -0.1	
	DC Output Impedance			0.1		Ω
C _L	Capacitive Load (Note 8)	Series resistance = 0Ω			0.1	nF
		Series resistance = 1kΩ			15	µF
R _L	Resistive Load (Note 8)		5			kΩ
	Short-Circuit Current	V _{DD} = 5.5V		35		mA
	Power-Up Time	From power-down mode		25		µs
DIGITAL INPUTS (SCLK, DIN, SYNC)						
V _{IH}	Input High Voltage	V _{DD} = 5V	2			V
		V _{DD} = 3.3V	1.5			V
V _{IL}	Input Low Voltage	V _{DD} = 5V			0.6	V
		V _{DD} = 3.3V			0.4	V
I _{IN}	Input Leakage Current	V _{IN} = 0V or V _{DD}		±5	±10	µA
C _{IN}	Input Capacitance			1		pF

Electrical Characteristics(continued)

(V_{DD} = 5V, V_{REF} = 5V, C_L = 100pF, R_L = 10kΩ, T_A = -40°C to +105°C, unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at T_A = +25°C.)

Octal 16-/12-Bit, Low Power, High Performance

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
V_{HYS}	Hysteresis Voltage			0.15		V
DYNAMIC PERFORMANCE (Note 8)						
SR	Voltage-Output Slew Rate	Positive and negative		1		V/ μ s
BW	Voltage-Output Settling Time	1/4 scale to 3/4 scale, to ≤ 0.5 LSB, 12-bit		14		μ s
	Reference -3dB Bandwidth	Hex code = 800 (TPC112S8U), Hex code = 8000 (TPC116S8U)		100		kHz
	Digital Feedthrough	Code = 0, all digital inputs from 0V to V_{DD} , SCLK < 50MHz		0.5		nV \cdot s
	DAC Glitch Impulse	Major code transition		2		nV \cdot s
	Output Noise	10kHz		90		nV/ \sqrt Hz
	Integrated Output Noise	0.1Hz to 10Hz		25		μ V _{P-P}
POWER REQUIREMENTS						
V_{DD}	Supply Voltage		2.7		5.5	V
I_{DD}	Supply Current	$V_{DD} = 5V$, No load; all digital inputs at 0V or V_{DD} , supply current only; excludes reference input current, midscale		0.8	1.5	mA
I_{DD}	Supply Current	$V_{DD} = 3.3V$, No load; all digital inputs at 0V or V_{DD} , supply current only; excludes reference input current, midscale		0.5	1	mA
	Power-Down Supply Current	No load, all digital inputs at 0V or V_{DD}			500	μ A

Note 5: Linearity is tested within 20mV of GND and V_{DD} .

Note 6: Gain and offset is tested within 100mV of GND and V_{DD} .

Note 7: Guaranteed by design; not production tested.

Note 8: All timing specifications measured with $V_{IL} = V_{GND}$, $V_{IH} = V_{DD}$.

Octal 16-/12-Bit, Low Power, High Performance DACs

Serial Write Operation

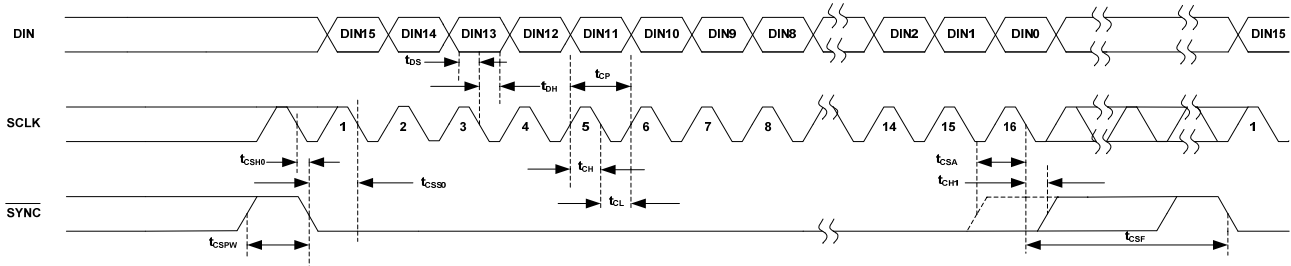


Figure 1. 16-Bit Serial-Interface Timing Diagram (TPC112S8U)

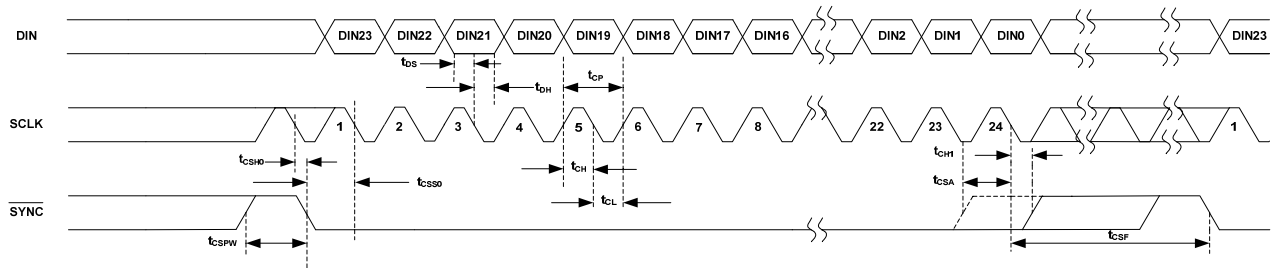


Figure 2. 24-Bit Serial-Interface Timing Diagram (TPC116S8U)

TIMING CHARACTERISTICS (Figures 1,2 and 3)						
SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
f_{SCLK}	Serial Clock Frequency		0		30	MHz
t_{CH}	SCLK Pulse-Width High		8			ns
t_{CL}	SCLK Pulse-Width Low		8			ns
t_{CSS0}	SYNC Fall to SCLK Fall Setup Time		8			ns
t_{CSH0}	SYNC Fall to SCLK Fall Hold Time		0			ns
t_{CSH1}	SYNC Rise to SCLK Fall Hold Time		0			ns
t_{CSA}	SYNC Rise to SCLK Fall				12	ns
t_{CSF}	SCLK Fall to SYNC Fall		100			ns
t_{DS}	DIN to SCLK Fall Setup Time		5			ns
t_{DH}	DIN to SCLK Fall Hold Time		4.5			ns
t_{CSPW}	SYNC Pulse-Width High		20			ns
t_{CLPW}	SYNC Pulse-Width Low		20			ns
t_{CSC}	SYNC Rise to SYNC Fall		20			ns

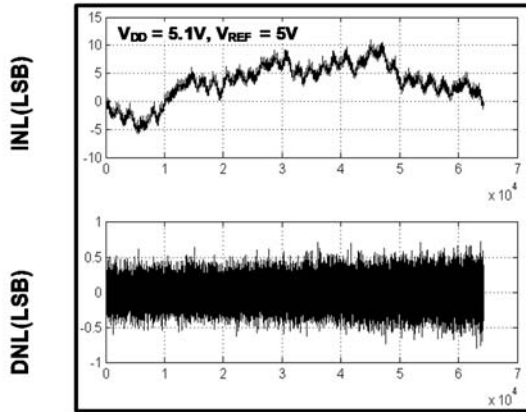
TPC116S8U/ TPC112S8U

Octal 16-/12-Bit, Low Power, High Performance DACs

Typical Performance Characteristics

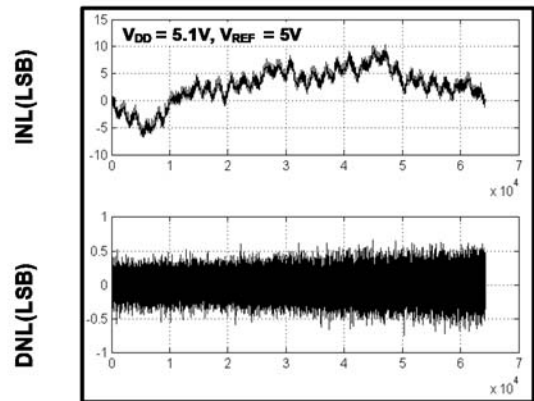
$V_S = 5V$, At $T_A = +25^\circ C$, unless otherwise specified

INL and DNL vs. Digital Input Code(+25°C TPC116S8U)



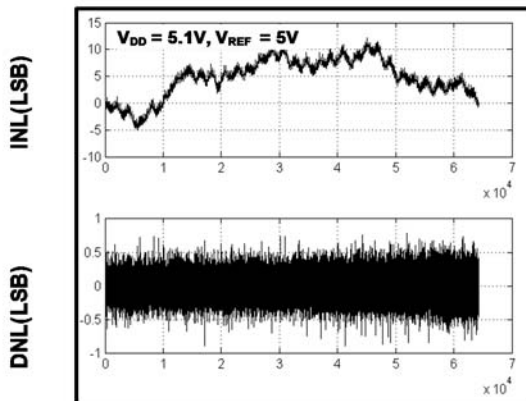
Digital Input Code

INL and DNL vs. Digital Input Code(-40°C TPC116S8U)



Digital Input Code

INL and DNL vs. Digital Input Code(+105°C TPC116S8U)



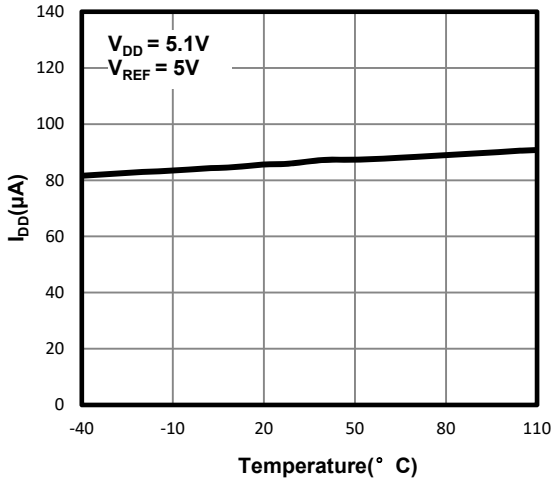
Digital Input Code

Octal 16-/12-Bit, Low Power, High Performance DACs

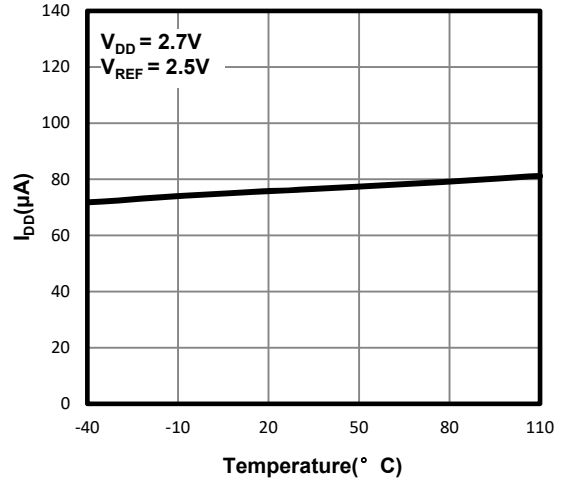
Typical Performance Characteristics

$V_S = 5V$, At $T_A = +25^\circ C$, unless otherwise specified

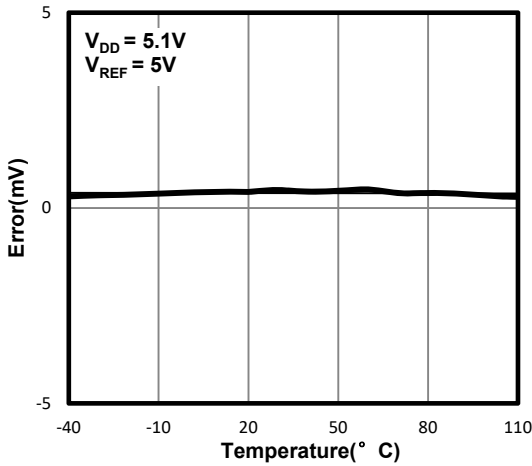
Power-Supply Current vs. Temperature(TPC116S8U)



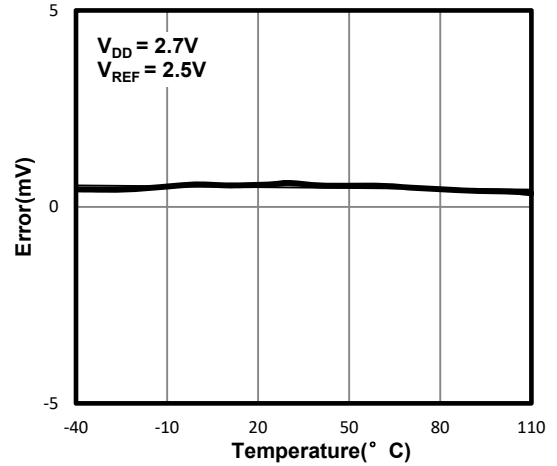
Power-Supply Current vs. Temperature(TPC116S8U)



Zero-Scale Error vs. Temperature(TPC116S8U)



Zero-Scale Error vs. Temperature(TPC116S8U)

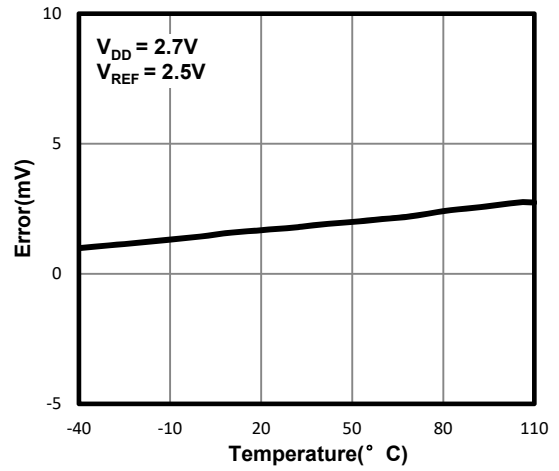
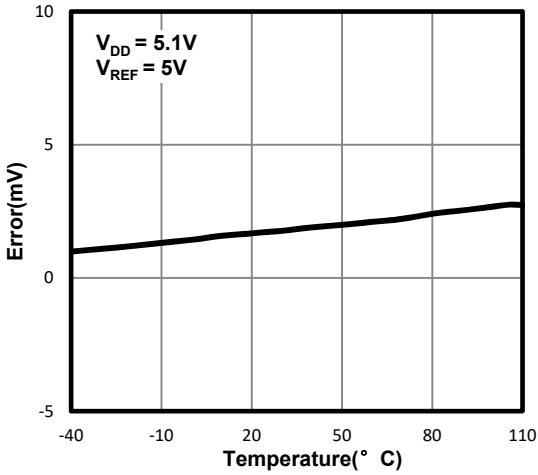


Full-Scale Error vs. Temperature(TPC116S8U)

Full-Scale Error vs. Temperature(TPC116S8U)

TPC116S8U/ TPC112S8U

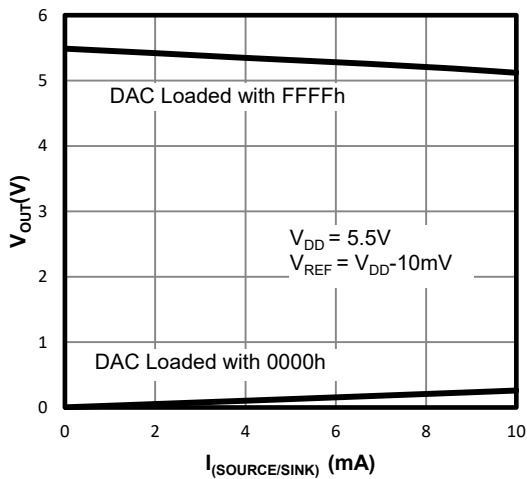
Octal 16-/12-Bit, Low Power, High Performance DACs



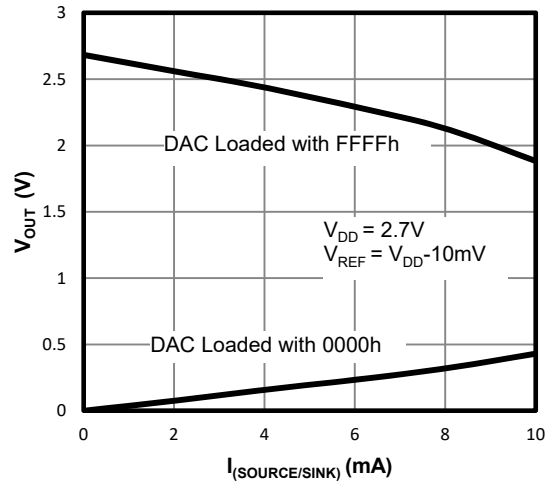
Typical Performance Characteristics

$V_S = 5V$, At $T_A = +25^\circ C$, unless otherwise specified

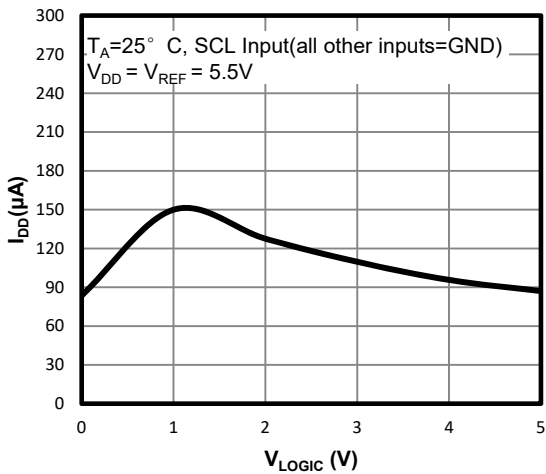
Source and Sink Current Capability(TPC116S8U)



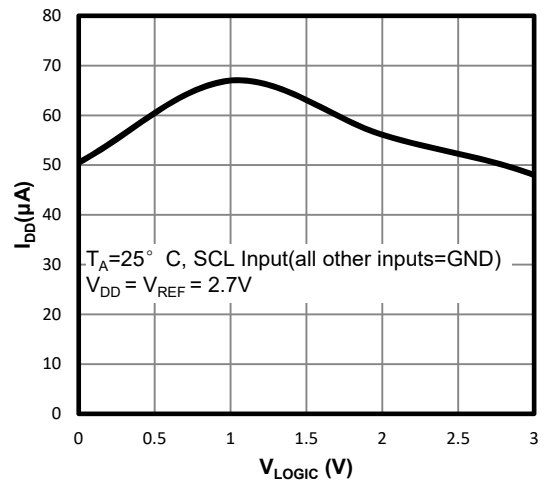
Source and Sink Current Capability(TPC116S8U)



Supply Current vs. Logic Input Voltage(TPC116S8U)

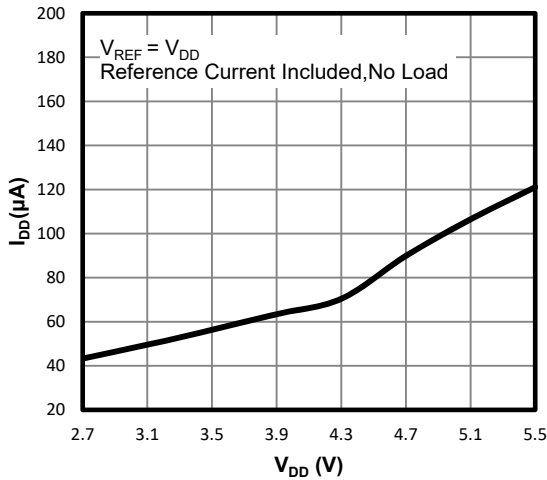


Supply Current vs. Logic Input Voltage(TPC116S8U)

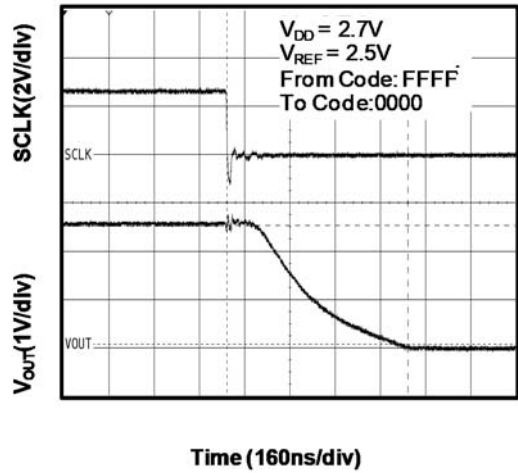


Octal 16-/12-Bit, Low Power, High Performance DACs

Supply Current vs. Supply Voltage(TPC116S8U)



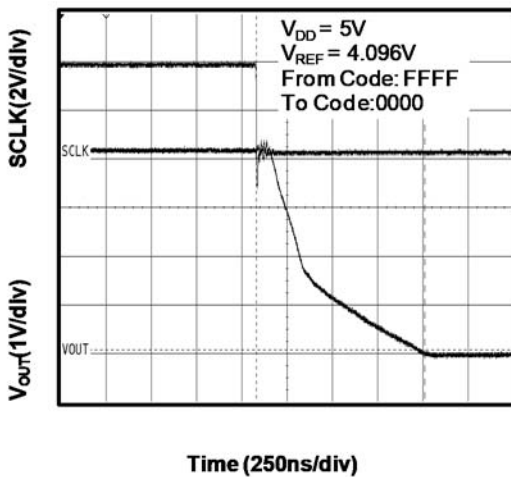
Full-Scale Settling Time(2.7V Falling Edge)



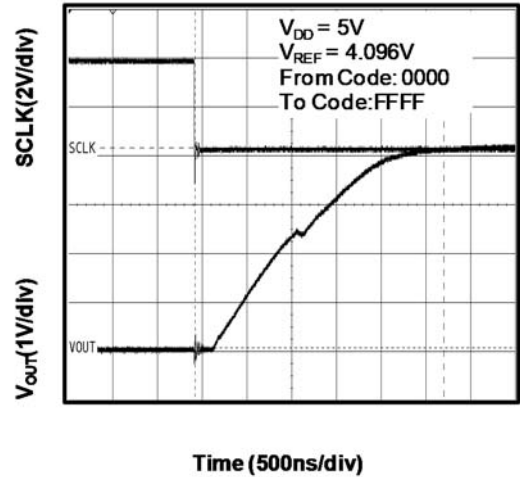
Typical Performance Characteristics

V_S = 5V, At T_A = +25°C, unless otherwise specified

Full-Scale Settling Time(5V Falling Edge)



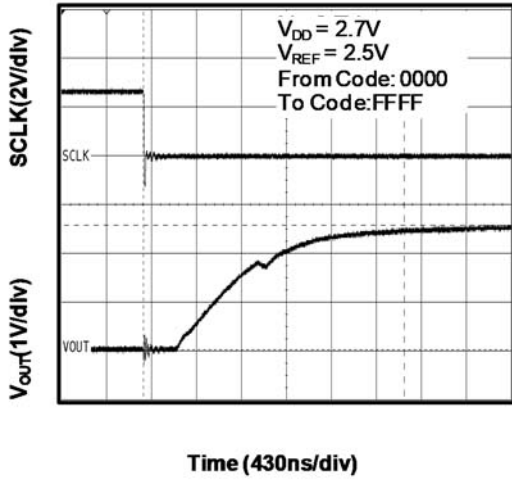
Full-Scale Settling Time(5V Rising Edge)



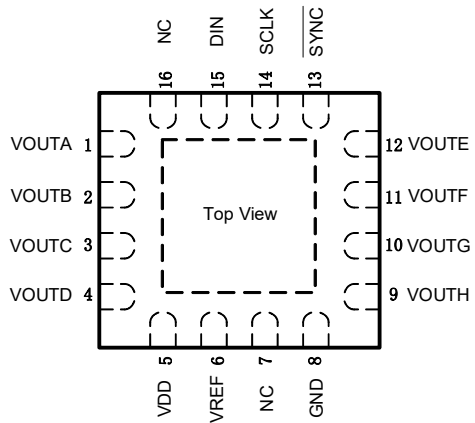
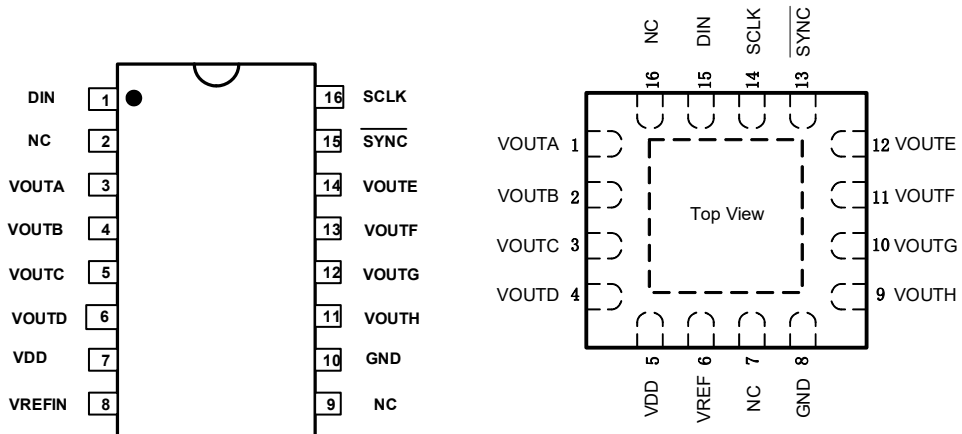
Full-Scale Settling Time(2.7V Rising Edge)

TPC116S8U/ TPC112S8U

Octal 16-/12-Bit, Low Power, High Performance DACs



Pin Functions



PIN Name	TSSOP	QFN PIN	Function
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Octal 16-/12-Bit, Low Power, High Performance DACs

	PIN number	number	
DIN	1	15	Serial data input. Data is clocked into the 16-/24-bit input shift register on each falling edge of the serial clock input. Schmitt-Trigger logic input.
NC	2	16	NC
OUTA	3	1	DACA output
OUTB	4	2	DACB output
OUTC	5	3	DACC output
OUTD	6	4	DACD output
VDD	7	5	Power supply input, 2.7V to 5.5V
VREFIN	8	6	Reference voltage input
NC	9	7	NC
GND	10	8	Ground reference point for all circuitry on the part.
OUTH	11	9	DACH output
OUTG	12	10	DACG output
OUTF	13	11	DACF output
OUTE	14	12	DACE output
$\overline{\text{SYNC}}$	15	13	Level-triggered control input (active LOW). This is the frame synchronization signal for the input data. When $\overline{\text{SYNC}}$ goes LOW, it enables the input shift register and data is transferred in on the falling edges of the following clocks.
SCLK	16	14	Serial clock input. Data can be transferred at rates up to 30MHz. Schmitt-Trigger logic input.
Thermal PAD		Thermal PAD	Connected to GND internally. Suggest to connect it to GND.

TPC116S8U/ TPC112S8U

Octal 16-/12-Bit, Low Power, High Performance DACs

Detailed Description

The TPC116S8U/TPC112S8U are pin-compatible and software-compatible 12-bit and 16-bit DACs. The TPC116S8U/TPC112S8U are 4-channels, low-power, high-reference input resistance, and buffered voltage-output DACs. The TPC116S8U/TPC112S8U minimize the digital noise feed through from their inputs to their outputs by powering down the SCLK and DIN input buffers after completion of each data frame. The data frames are 16-bit for the TPC112S8U and 24-bit for the TPC116S8U. On power-up, the TPC116S8U/TPC112S8U reset the DAC output to zero, providing additional safety for applications that drive valves or other transducers which need to be off on power-up. The TPC116S8U/ TPC112S8U contain a segmented resistor string-type DAC, a serial-in/parallel-out shift register, a DAC register, power-on-reset (POR) circuit, and control logic. On the falling edge of the clock (SCLK) pulse, the serial input (DIN) data is shifted into the device, MSB first.

Applications Information

DAC Reference (REF)

The external reference input features a typical input impedance of 333kΩ and accepts an input voltage from +2V to VDD. Connect an external voltage supply between REF and GND to apply an external reference.

Serial Interface

The TPC116S8U/TPC112S8U 3-wire serial interface is compatible with MICROWIRE, SPI, QSPI, and DSP. The interface provides three inputs: SCLK, SYNC, and DIN. The chip-select input (SYNC) frames the serial data loading at DIN. Following a chip-select input high-to-low transition, the data is shifted synchronously and latched into the input register on each falling edge of the serial-clock input (SCLK). Each serial word is 16-bit for the TPC112S8U and 24-bit for the TPC116S8U. The first 3 bits are the control bits followed by 1 power-down bit as well as 12 data bits (MSB first) for the TPC112S8U and 22 data bits (MSB first) for the TPC116S8U as shown in Tables 1 and 2. The serial input register transfers its contents to the input registers after loading 16/24 bits of data and updates the DAC output immediately after the data is received on the 16-/24-bit falling edge of the clock. To initiate a new data transfer, drive SYNC high and keep SYNC high for a minimum of 20ns before the next write sequence. The SCLK can be either high or low between SYNC write pulses. Figures 1 and 2 show the timing diagram for the complete 3-wire serial interface transmission. The TPC116S8U DAC code is unipolar binary with $V_{OUT} = (\text{code}/65,536) \times V_{REF}$. The TPC112S8U DAC code is unipolar binary with $V_{OUT} = (\text{code}/4096) \times V_{REF}$.

Table 1. Operating Mode Truth Table (TPC112S8U)

Octal 16-/12-Bit, Low Power, High Performance DACs

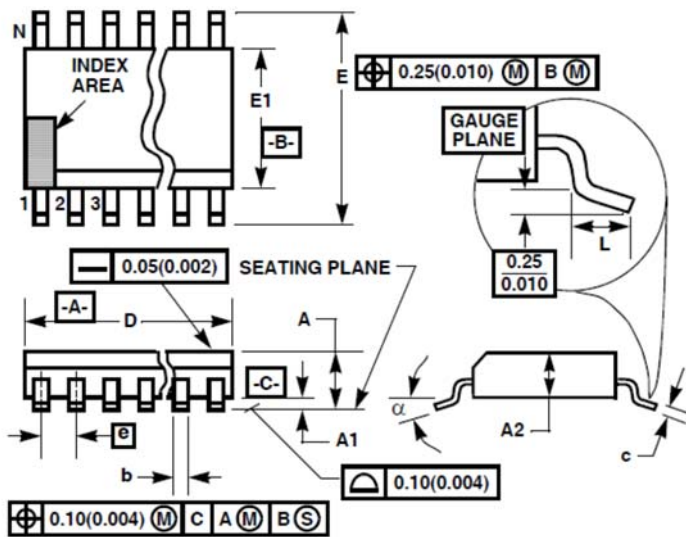
16-BIT WORD					Function
A2	A1	A0	PD	DAC Data Bit	
D15	D14	D13	D12	D11~D0	
0	0	0	0	X	Update DAC A Data
0	0	1	0	X	Update DAC B Data
0	1	0	0	X	Update DAC C Data
0	1	1	0	X	Update DAC D Data
1	0	0	0	X	Update DAC E Data
1	0	1	0	X	Update DAC F Data
1	1	0	0	X	Update DAC G Data
1	1	1	0	X	Update DAC H Data
X	X	X	1	X	Power down (output High Z)

Table 2. Operating Mode Truth Table (TPC116S8U)

24-BIT WORD								Function	
MSB (No content)				A2	A1	A0	PD	DAC Data Bit	
D23	D22	D21	D20	D19	D18	D17	D16	D15~D0	
X	X	X	X	0	0	0	0	X	Update DAC A Data
X	X	X	X	0	0	1	0	X	Update DAC B Data
X	X	X	X	0	1	0	0	X	Update DAC C Data
X	X	X	X	0	1	1	0	X	Update DAC D Data
X	X	X	X	1	0	0	0	X	Update DAC E Data
X	X	X	X	1	0	1	0	X	Update DAC F Data
X	X	X	X	1	1	0	0	X	Update DAC G Data
X	X	X	X	1	1	1	0	X	Update DAC H Data
X	X	X	X	X	X	X	1	X	Power down (output High Z)

Package Outline Dimensions

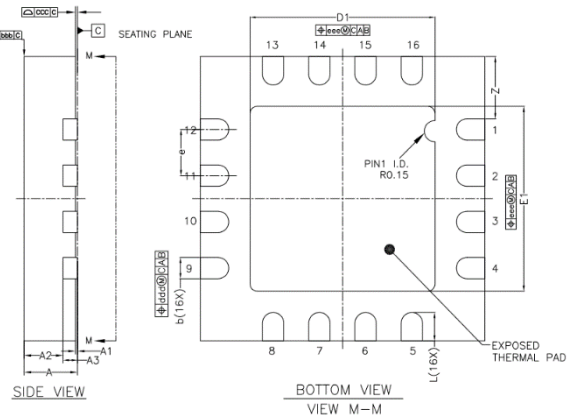
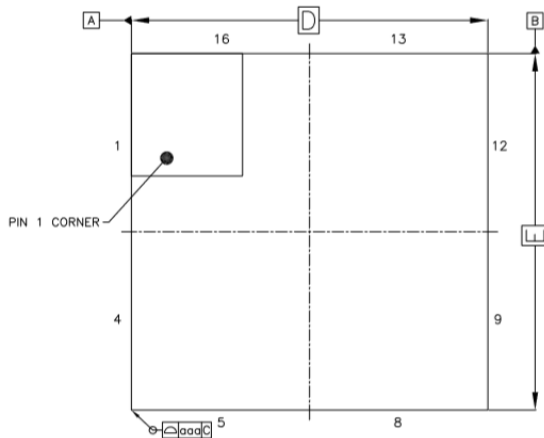
TSSOP-16



Symbol	Dimensions In Millimeters		
	MIN	NOM	MAX
A	-	0.55	1.10
A1	0.05	0.10	0.15
A2	0.85	0.90	0.95
b	0.19	0.25	0.30
c	0.09	0.15	0.20
D	4.90	5.00	5.10
E1	4.30	4.40	4.50
E	6.25	6.38	6.5
L	0.50	0.60	0.70
N	16		
e	0.65 BSC		
α	0°	4°	8°

Octal 16-/12-Bit, Low Power, High Performance DACs

QFN4x4-16L



TOP VIEW

DESCRIPTION	SYMBOL	MILLIMETER			
		MIN	NOM	MAX	
TOTAL THICKNESS	A	0.70	0.75	0.80	
STAND OFF	A1	0.00	--	0.05	
MOLD THICKNESS	A2	0.50	0.55	0.60	
L/F THICKNESS	A3	0.203 REF			
BODY SIZE	X	D	3.90	4.00	4.10
	Y	E	3.90	4.00	4.10
LEAD PITCH	e	0.65 BSC			
LEAD WIDTH	b	0.25	0.30	0.35	
LEAD LENGTH	L	0.35	0.40	0.45	
EP SIZE	D1	2.55	2.60	2.65	
	E1	2.55	2.60	2.65	
LEAD EDGE TO PKG EDGE	Z	0.875 BSC			
Tolerance of form and position					
PACKAGE EDGE TOLERANCE	aaa	0.1			
MOLD FLATNESS	bbb	0.1			
LEAD COPLANARITY	ccc	0.08			
LEAD POSITION OFFSET	ddd	0.1			
EXPOSED PAD OFFSET	eee	0.1			